



**PEPERIKSAAN AKHIR SESI 2017/DIS(3)
FINAL EXAMINATION SESSION 2017/DEC(3)**

NAMA KURSUS (COURSE NAME)	:	ENGLISH 3
KOD KURSUS (COURSE CODE)	:	UBE232
PROGRAM (PROGRAMME)	:	API / ASP
TEMPOH (DURATION)	:	3 JAM 00 MINIT
PENSYARAH (LECTURER)	:	NUR HAFIZA BINTI HAMID

ARAHAN (INSTRUCTIONS) :

1. Kertas soalan ini mengandungi **12** helaian bercetak termasuk muka hadapan.
*This question paper consists of **12** printed pages including the cover page.*
2. Calon dikehendaki menjawab **SEMUA** soalan untuk Bahagian 1, 2 dan 3 di dalam **kertas soalan** ini.
*Candidates are required to answer **ALL** questions in Part 1, 2 and 3 in **this question paper**.*
3. Pada akhir peperiksaan, serahkan kertas soalan dan jawapan.
At the end of the examination, please submit the question and answer paper.
4. Pastikan anda menulis nama, nombor matrik, nombor kad pengenalan atau pasport dan kumpulan pada kertas soalan.
Make sure to write down your name, matric number, IC or passport number, and group on the question paper.

NO. MATRIK :

MATRIC NUMBER

KUMPULAN: _____

GROUP

NO. KAD PENGENALAN :

I/C @ PASSPORT NUMBER

NAMA PELAJAR : _____

STUDENT'S NAME

**JANGAN BUKA BUKU SOALAN INI SEHINGGA DIBERI ARAHAN
DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL INSTRUCTED TO DO SO**

PART 1: READING COMPREHENSION (30 MARKS)

Passage 1

(6 marks)

Reading

- 1 Did you know that some people don't do their reading assignments? It's shocking, but it's true. Some students don't even read short texts that they are assigned in class. There are many reasons for this. They may be distracted or bored. They may be unwilling to focus. They may be unconfident readers. Whatever the reason, it has to stop today. Here's why.
- 2 Reading stimulates your mind. It is like a workout for your brain. When people get old, their muscles begin to deteriorate. They get weaker and their strength leaves them. Exercise can prevent this loss. The same thing happens to people's brains when they get older. Brain power and speed decline with age. Reading strengthens your brain and prevents these declines.
- 3 You can benefit from reading in the near-term too. Reading provides knowledge. Knowledge is power. Therefore, reading can make you a more powerful person. You can learn to do new things by reading. Do you want to make video games? Do you want to design clothing? Reading can teach you all this and more. But you have to get good at reading, and the only way to get good at something is to practice.
- 4 Read everything that you can at school, regardless of whether you find it interesting. Reading expands your vocabulary. Even a "boring" text can teach you new words. Having a larger vocabulary will help you better express yourself. You will be able to speak, write, and think more intelligently. What's boring about that?
- 5 Do not just discount a text because it is unfamiliar to you. Each time you read, you are exposed to new ideas and perspectives. Reading can change the way that you understand the world. It can give you a broader perspective on things. It can make you worldlier. You can learn how people live in faraway places. You can learn about cultures different from your own.
- 6 Reading is good for your state of mind. It has a calming effect. It can lower your stress levels and help you relax. You can escape from your troubles for a moment when you read, and it's a positive escape. The benefits of reading far outweigh those of acting like a doofus. So do yourself a favour: the next time you get a reading assignment, take as much as you can from it. Squeeze it for every drop of knowledge that it contains. Then move on to the next one.

A. **Choose** the best answer based on the passage above. (6 marks)

1. Which best expresses the main idea of the second paragraph?
 - A. Reading is exciting.
 - B. Reading strengthens your mind.
 - C. Age affects the body in many ways.
 - D. Working out keeps your body in shape.

2. Why does the author think that you should read books that are boring?
 - A. You will learn new words.
 - B. You will make your teacher very happy.
 - C. You will get better grades in reading class.
 - D. You will eventually grow to love them if you read them enough.

3. Which best expresses the main idea of the third paragraph?
 - A. Knowledge is power.
 - B. Reading can benefit you.
 - C. You can learn to program video games or design clothing by reading.
 - D. You can learn amazing things and become a better person by reading.

4. Which is **not** a reason given by the author why students fail to complete reading assignments?
 - A. Students may be tired.
 - B. Students may be bored.
 - C. Students may be distracted.
 - D. Students may be unwilling to focus.

5. Which best expresses the author's main purpose in writing this text?
 - A. He is teaching people how to become better readers.
 - B. He is explaining why people don't do their reading work.
 - C. He is trying to persuade students to do their reading work.
 - D. He is entertaining readers with facts about the mind and body.

6. Which of the following is **not** one of the author's main points?
 - A. Reading is a relaxing activity with positive mental side effects.
 - B. Reading helps you perform on tests and get into selective schools.
 - C. Reading keeps your mind in shape and prevents losses due to age.
 - D. Reading broadens your perspective and makes you a better person.

Passage 2

(8 marks)

A Phone Call That Changed the World

- 1 Once the mobile phone was an oversized luxury item, now it's a pocket –sized Mini –computer.
- 2 The first mobile phone call was made on April 3, 1973, by Martin Cooper, an American Engineer, while he was walking along a street in New York City. People stopped and stared in amazement. Martin's phone was like a brick. It was over 20 cm long and weighed 1.3 kilograms. The battery lasted only thirty-six minutes.

Fact File

- Today, mobile phones are owned by almost six billion people worldwide. In the UK, 30 million are sold every year.
- The first text message was sent in 1989. Last year 6.1 trillion texts were sent worldwide.
- Camera phones have been sold since 2002.
- 'Smartphones' were introduced in 2007. The mobile phone had become a multimedia gadget.
- Over the years a multitude of amazing features have been added, including web browsing, email, MP3 players, video, and camera.
- In 2008, Apple's iPhone had 500 applications (apps). Now there are over 500, 000 apps.
- The most expensive mobile is the Goldstriker iPhone 4s Elite Gold. It is made of 24ct gold and decorated with over 550 diamonds. It costs £6 million.
- 100 million mobile phones are thrown away every year.
- Some people believe that before long all landline telephones will be replaced by mobile phones.

A. **Read** the passage and **answer** the questions. (3 marks)

1. Who made the first mobile phone call?

2. When did he make it?

3. How was the phone different from mobiles today?

- B. **Read** the *Fact File*. **Correct** the false information in these sentences. (5 marks)

1. 30 million phones are sold worldwide every year.

2. The first text message was sent in the 1990s.

3. Apple's iPhone now has over a million apps.

4. The most expensive phone costs £6,000.

5. We throw away nearly a million mobile phones a year.

Passage 3

(16 marks)

Tsunami

- 1 A tsunami can be generated by any disturbance that rapidly **displaces** a large mass of water, such as an earth quake, a volcanic eruption, a landslide or a meteorite impact. However, the most common cause is an undersea earthquake.
- 2 One of the early **warnings** comes from nearby animals. Many animals sense danger and **flee** to higher ground before the water arrives. The **phenomenon** was noted in Sri Lanka on the 26 December Indian Ocean tsunami. Some scientists speculate that animals may have an ability to sense subsonic waves from an earthquake minutes or hours before a tsunami strikes shore.
- 3 The effects of a tsunami can be **mitigated** by natural factors such as tree cover on the shoreline. Some locations in the path of the 2004 Indian Ocean tsunami *escaped almost unscathed* as a result of the tsunami's energy being sapped by a belt of trees such as coconut palm and mangroves. Environmentalists have suggested the planting of trees along stretches of the sea coast which are prone to tsunami risks. While it would take some years for the trees to grow to a useful size, such plantations offer a much cheaper

and longer-lasting means of tsunami mitigation. It is better than erecting artificial barriers which destroy the environment.

(Adapted from *Wikipedia*, the free encyclopedia)

A. **Read** the following statements. **Write** T for True F for False. (5 marks)

- 1. A tsunami always follows an earthquake.
- 2. Animals reacted before the tsunami hit Sri Lanka.
- 3. Building walls in tsunami-prone areas is recommended.
- 4. The Indian Ocean tsunami occurred on 26 December 2004.
- 5. Tree cover, such as mangroves, can reduce the effects of tsunamis.

B. **Read** the text again to **find** the answers to the following questions. (6 marks)

1. What is the most common cause of a tsunami? (1 mark)

2. Do you think animals have a special sense? How did they react before the tsunami struck Sri Lanka? (2 marks)

3. '*escaped almost unscathed..*' (paragraph 3) because of coconut palms and mangroves. In your own words, say what mustn't people do to natural vegetation. (1 mark)

4. Do you think the planting of mangroves will save tsunami-prone areas from the destruction? Give a reason for your answer. (2 marks)

C. **Select** the words with the correct meanings. (5 marks)

displaces	warnings	flee	phenomenon
mitigated	prone	sapped	desire

	Meanings	Words
1.	made less severe	
2.	hints of danger	
3.	unusual occurrence	
4.	run away	
5.	moves from the usual location	

PART 2: CORRECT USAGE (50 MARKS)

A. **Fill in** the blanks with the infinitive or the -ing form of the verbs in the brackets. (6 marks)

- I'd like _____ (see) you very soon.
- Terry decided _____ (look for) a new job.
- The doctor told Harry to stop _____ (smoke).
- I'm looking forward to _____ (hear) from you soon.
- Did you leave the cooker on? I can smell something _____ (burn).
- It's Tom birthday today. Did you remember _____ (post) his card?

B. **Fill in** the blanks with a comparative or superlative adjective to complete the following paragraph. (7 marks)

- John is the _____ (nice) person that I know.
- Avatar* is probably the _____ (bad) film I've ever seen!
- Is Angelina Jolie _____ (old) than Sandra Bullock?
- What is the _____ (wet) month of the year in England?
- I think *Men in Black 1* was the _____ (funny) than *Men in Black 3*.
- My sister thinks she's _____ (intelligent) than me, but I don't agree.
- Do you think that the *Harry Potter* films are _____ (good) than the books?

C. **Complete** the text with the phrasal verbs below. (10 marks)

pass on	pinned up	handing back	getting on
lagged behind	muddle through	hinted at	play down
worked away	get off	turn off	get down
walk away			

You'll never guess what Miss Chan has (1) _____ on the notice board!" said May to Joe in the school canteen. "A notice about Geography test tomorrow!" Joe looked worried and replied. "That's very short notice. We had better (2) _____ to some work right away. I've got so much homework recently that I've (3) _____ with my geography revision and there's so much to learn." May said that she would go and (4) _____ the bad news to their fellow classmates. When she told Patrick, he said that Miss Chan had (5) _____ a possible surprise test the previous week. "It was when she was (6) _____ our compositions," he recounted, "and telling us how bad our work was." They went to find some of the others and May said, "I suppose that it's not at all surprising. Miss Chan's always (7) _____ at us for not doing enough geography work. She forgets we have several other subjects to study." Francis was reasonably calm about the test because he was an industrious student who (8) _____ at his various subjects all through the term. Some of the others played more than they studied and had cause for concern. One of these was Henry and he tried to (9) _____ the test, remarking, "It's only a class test, not a final exam. We'll just have to hope that we can (10) _____ it." Francis muttered to himself, "Somehow I don't think Miss Chan will like that attitude."

D. **Change** the verb into past simple and present perfect tense. (10 marks)

Christie's, who are famous for selling works of art, (1) _____ (sell) an old comic yesterday for \$14,300. Mr. Carr, the man who (2) _____ (buy) it, says it (3) _____ (not be) expensive. He should know, he has bought many old comics in the last few years. He's a collector. Mr Carr (4) _____ (start) his collection some years ago. Since that time, he (5) _____ (buy) copies of many first issues. He owns copies of the comics where Batman and Superman first (6) _____ (appear); and the comic he (7) _____

_____ (add) to his collection yesterday has the first Superman story. The comic Action Comics Number 1, (8) _____ (come) out in June 1938 in the U.S.A. It (9) _____ (cost) 10 cents at the time. Mr Carr's son, eight-year-old Sam, (10) _____ (not read) any of the comics in his father's collection.

E. **Rewrite** the sentences using a modal verb from the box. (5 marks)

can	can't	must	mustn't
'll	could	should	shouldn't

- Do you know how to drive?
_____ you drive?
- I don't think it's a good idea for you to stay.
You _____ stay.
- It is certain to rain this afternoon.
It _____ rain this afternoon.
- I'd like the salt please.
_____ you pass me the salt, please?
- Do not leave luggage here. It isn't allowed.
You _____ leave luggage here.

F. Each sentence has one mistake. **Find** and **correct** them. (6 marks)

- I have a lots of time.

- Mandarin is spoke in China.

- A orange was given to me.

- Dinner is usually served on 6 o'clock.

5. These cake are make by Maria Olson.

6. She have been to New Zealand twice.

G. **Write** the correct passive sentences from the given active sentences. (6 marks)

1. Shops in the UK sell 30 million phones every year.

2. Engineers have added a lot of amazing features.

3. Martin Cooper made the first mobile phone call in 1973.

4. We throw away 100 million mobile phones every year.

5. Almost six billion people worldwide own mobile phones.

6. They decorate the Goldstriker phone with over 550 diamonds.
